

∩n-Pa	ge Optimization for:						
	www.yourwebsite.com and home remodeling						
E	Oh my. This URL received an F grade						
	ofter running our analysis, we issued your page a letter grade (A-F). We weight the items graded by their importance level, which we determine by our industry experience and correlation esearch. The higher the importance of the contributing factor, the more we count it within the letter grade for the page based on which keyword you specified.						
We fo	und this keyword used 0 times.						
Title	URL Meta Description H1 Body IMG ALT						
0							
Optim	ize this page for home remodeling						
Below is a	list of your Page Analysis Details to help you better optimize this page for home remodeling . C	ptimization factors ar	e organized by difficulty and importance.				
Contrik	uting Factor	Importance	Difficulty				
«	Accessible to Search Engines	High Importance					
	To rank in search results, search engines have to be able to crawl and index your page. Before you can benefit from keyword targeting or other optimization techniques, you must make sure your page is accessible to the search engines.						
	Recommendation: Make sure this page:						
	Returns HTTP code 200. See http://moz.com/learn/seo/http-status-codes. Is not blocked with robots.txt, meta robots or x-robots protocol. See						
	 b hot blocked with robots xx, meta robots of xrobots protocol, see http://moz.com/learn/seo/robotstxt. Does not use a meta refresh to another URL. Even if you don't want this page visible to 						
	search engines, use a 301 link to permanently redirect to a new page and preserve all of the link juice from this page. For more information on redirection, see						

	Sufficient Characters in Content Search engines seek pages that contain a sufficient amount of machine-readable content, assuming those pages are more likely to fulfill the goals of potential visitors. Pages with unique machine-readable content are also much less likely to be seen as duplicates of other pages and removed from the index as such. Our 300-character minimum is admittedly somewhat arbitrary, but it is a reasonable rule of thumb for an acceptable level of 'absolute minimum' unique content in most cases. Recommendation: Make sure your page contains a minimum of 300 characters (not including spaces) of machine-readable, substantive, unique content that provides value to potential visitors. Remember that images (without alt text), Flash files, Java applets, and other non-text content is virtually invisible to search engine spiders. See http://moz.com/beginners-guide-to-seo/basics-of-search-engine-friendly-design-and- development.	High Importance	Easy Fix
	Sufficient Words in Content Search engines seek pages that contain a sufficient amount of machine-readable content, assuming those pages are more likely to fulfill the goals of potential visitors. Pages with unique machine-readable content are also much less likely to be seen as duplicates of other pages and removed from the index as such. Our 50-word minimum is admittedly somewhat arbitrary, but it is a reasonable rule of thumb for an acceptable level of 'absolute minimum' unique content in most cases. Recommendation: Make sure your page contains a minimum of 50 words of machine- readable, substantive, unique content that provides value to potential visitors. Remember that images (without alt text), Flash files, Java applets, and other non-text content is virtually invisible to search engine spiders. See http://moz.com/beginners-guide-to- seo/basics-of-search-engine-friendly-design-and-development.	High Importance	Easy Fix
	Exact Keyword is Used in Page Title Moz's correlation research has also shown that higher rankings are strongly connected to the use of a keyword in the title tag. When search engines rank your page for a keyword, they consider the page title tag (<title>) to be the most important place for the keyword
to appear. Using a keyword or phrase in your title helps search engines associate the page
with a topic and/or set of terms.
Recommendation: Add the exact keywords you want to optimize for to your page title tag,
preferably as one of the first words in the tag. See http://moz.com/learn/seo/title-tag.</th><th>Moderate
Importance</th><th>Easy Fix</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Keyword is at Beginning of Page Title
Moz's correlation research has shown that pages that use the targeted keywords in the
first words of the title tag benefit greatly in the rankings. There is a direct relationship
between proximity to the beginning of the title element and prominence/rankings as seen
by the search engines, and the closer to the end of the page title the keyword appears,
the worse the correlation with high rankings.
Recommendation: Rewrite your page title to move the targeted keywords to the beginning,
or as soon as feasible, in your page title tag. See http://moz.com/learn/seo/title-tag.</th><th>Moderate
Importance</th><th>Easy Fix</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Keywords in Image Alt Attribute
Using keywords in the alt attribute of an image on a page is slightly positively correlated
with good rankings. It also helps your page rank better in image search, a popular and oft-
employed universal search system. Correctly describing your images using keywords also
adds value for sight-impaired users who may be using a text reader app to browse the
web.
Recommendation: Add this page's targeted keywords to the alt attribute of a relevant
image or graphic. If your page doesn't contain any images, consider adding one. See
http://moz.com/learn-seo/on-page-factors.</th><th>Moderate
Importance</th><th>Easy Fix</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Keywords in the Meta Description
If your keywords are in the meta description tag, it is more likely search engines will use it
as the snippet that describes your page. Potential visitors see the keyword bolded in the
snippet, which increases your page's prominence and visibility. Be careful not to use
keywords excessively, however, as it can be seen as spam by both search engines and
potential visitors and reduce the chance potential visitors will click-through to your page.
Recommendation: Use your targeted keywords at least once, but no more than 3 times in
the meta description tag. See http://moz.com/learn/seo/meta-description.</th><th>Moderate
Importance</th><th>Easy Fix</th></tr><tr><th><</th><th>Optimal Page Title Length
When search engines display your page on their results page, they often only show about
the first 70 characters (the exact number of characters depends in part on how many
pixels wide each character is, but 70 is a good target overall). If your title is longer than
this, engines may truncate your title with an ellipsis or replace it with other text. The best
possible title (and best way to encourage potential visitors to click through to your page),
is a title tag that is less than 70 characters long.
Recommendation: Edit your title tag to 70 characters or less. See
http://moz.com/learn/seo/title-tag.</th><th>Moderate
Importance</th><th></th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Optimal Use of Keywords in H1 Tags
Although using targeted keywords in H1 tags on your page does not directly correlate to
high rankings, it does appear to provide some slight value. It's also considered a best
practice for accessibility and helps potential visitors determine your page's content, so we
recommend it. Over-using keywords, however, can be perceived as keyword tiffing (a form
of search engine spam) and can negatively impact rankings, so use keywords in H1 tags 2
or fewer times. To adhere to best practices in Google News and Bing News, headlines
should contain the relevant keyword target and be treated with the same importance as
title tags.
Recommendation: Use your targeted keyword(s) at the beginning of your H1 headers 1 or 2
times (but not more) on this page. See http://moz.com/biog/4-graphics-to-help-illustrate-
onpage-optimization.</th><th>Moderate
Importance</th><th>Easy Fix</th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>URL Uses Only Standard Characters
If you only use characters that are common in URLs, it makes it easier for more users to
access and interpret your URL. Not all users have keyboards that can easily enter less
common characters, or browsers that support the display of these characters, and some
special characters can look spammy Using only standard characters can also avoid
potential problems with your search engine ranking.
Recommendation: Make sure your URL contains only these characters: letters, numbers,
slash (/), comma (,), plus (+), exclamation point (!), period (.), and dash (-). Parameters
using ampersand (&) and pound (#) are okay too.</th><th>Moderate
Importance</th><th></th></tr></tbody></table></title>		

	Use External Links Linking to external pages is something the search engines have suggested provides potential ranking rewards, and many who've tested this can confirm it has SEO value. On any page specifically targeting a keyword, link externally to at least one (and possibly more than one) relevant, trusted resource as a best practice. Recommendation: Add a link to a relevant, trusted resource that potential visitors may appreciate. See http://moz.com/blog/external-linking-good-for-seo-whiteboard-friday and http://moz.com/blog/how-many-links-is-too-many.	Moderate Importance	Easy Fix
	Use Keywords in Your URL Using your targeted keywords in the URL string adds relevancy to your page for search engine rankings, assists potential visitors identify the topic of your page from the URL, and provides SEO value when used as the anchor text of referring links. Recommendation: Use your targeted keywords in the URL string of the page. If you are targeting a multi-word phrase, use hyphens to separate individual words. Hyphens allow the search engines to read the URL as separate words. See http://mozcom/blog/11-best- practices-for-urls.	Moderate Importance	Difficult Fix
	Use Meta Descriptions While a meta description does not influence your page's rankings in the search results, it can be valuable to improve the click-through rate of potential visitors from the results page, and to provide context to potential visitors about the page's topic and focus. The meta description is also what will show up as a description when users share your page on social media sharing sites like Facebook and Google+. Recommendation: Add a meta description tag to your page, describing the page's content in a way that will make it compelling to potential visitors who see the snippet in the search results. See http://moz.com/learn/seo/meta-description.	Moderate Importance	Easy Fix
~	Use Static URLs Using a static URL can improve your performance in search engine rankings. Moz's correlation research shows that URLs with dynamic parameters have dramatically worse performance in the rankings. Using dynamic parameters does not necessarily cause worse rankings, but there does appear to be a correlation, and they generally do lead to lower click-through rates. Dynamic URLs are also a common source of duplicate content. Recommendation: Use mod rewrite or ISAPI rewrite to change your URL to be static (removing all instances of 7, =, etc.). See http://moz.com/blog/url-rewrites-and-301- redirects-how-does-it-all-work.	Moderate Importance	
<	Avoid Keyword Stuffing in the URL If you use keywords more than once in the URL, search engines may tag your page for keyword stuffing (a form of search engine spam), which can hurt your rankings in the search engines, as well as appear spam-like to potential visitors. Keyword stuffing also makes your URL longer than it needs to be, which can have a negative effect on users and search engines alike. Recommendation: Rewrite your URL to use your targeted keywords no more than once. See "Keyword Stuffing" on this page: http://moz.com/blog/should-i-change-my-urls-for-seo.	Low Importance	
~	Avoid Too Many External Links Linking externally is generally a good thing, but as with many optimization tactics in SEO, moderation is the best path. If your page uses a high number of followed links to external pages, it may prevent the engines from passing much value through any given link and may also set off spam/manipulation triggers, particularly if those links are not pointing to high quality/trustworthy sites. Recommendation: Reduce the number of external, followed links on your page to under 150. In most instances, under 100 is optimal. See http://moz.com/blog/how-many-links-is- too-many.	Low Importance	
~	Avoid Too Many Internal Links Google has confirmed that the use of too many internal links on a page will not trigger a penalty, but it can influence the quantity of link juice sent through those links and dilute your page's ability to have search engines crawl, index, and rank link targets. Recommendation: Scale down the number of internal links on your page to fewer than 100, if possible. At a minimum, try to keep navigation and menu links to fewer than 100. See http://moz.com/blog/how-many-links-is-too-many.	Low Importance	
	Includes a Rel Canonical Tag The Canonical URL tag tells the search engines that your page should be treated as though it were a copy of the URL the tag points to, and that all of the link and content metrics should flow back to the canonical URL (the one you want all the link juice to go to). You can use it to increase the possibility that a page that has parameters attached (for example, query strings, session IDs, scraped versions, or licensing deals) doesn't create a secondary version of the original page and pull link juice or other metrics away It's important to verify that your rel=canonical tags point to the correct target URL or link equity won't pass correctly and you may have duplicate content problems in the search engines. Pages may also contain a canonical tag that references the URL it is located on, also known as a 'self-referencing' canonical tag. While Google search has stated that this is fine, it is not known whether or not this can cause problems in Bing search. Recommendation: If this page is a duplicate of another page, add a canonical URL tag to the header of this page to reference the page you'd like all duplicates to point to. See http://moz.com/blog/canonical-url-tag-the-most-important-advancement-in-seo-practices-since-sitemaps.	Low Importance	Moderate Fix
~	Minimize URL Length Search engines often truncate the URL display at 75 characters and appear to pass less keyword value in longer URLs. We also recommend using fewer than three subfolders in your URL to make it easier for search engines to parse. Recommendation: Rewrite your URL to be as short as possible, preferably shorter than 75 characters and three subfolders, while still being descriptive and using keywords appropriately. See http://moz.com/blog/11-best-practices-for-urls.	Low Importance	
~	Only One Meta Description If you have multiple meta descriptions, it can confuse the search engines and they may not display the intended meta description tag. Recommendation: Make sure your page contains only one meta description tag. See http://moz.com/learn-seo/meta-description.	Low Importance	

🧹 🛛 Optimal Meta Description Length

The snippets that search engines use to describe your page cut off after 156 characters in most cases. The meta description isn't used for rankings, so words beyond this count aren't seen by anyone or used by the search engines.

Low Importance

Recommendation: Edit your meta description tag to get your main points across in 156 or fewer characters. See http://moz.com/learn/seo/meta-description.